Innovation and regulation chair/
mosaic conference
Paris, December 4, 2013



The European ICT Poles of Excellence

An overview/ final results

Prepared by Giuditta De Prato for

the session "Create and develop value by actors: clusters and associations"

Institute for Prospective Technological Studies - IPTS Joint Research Centre - European Commission www.jrc.es / is.jrc.es

Disclaimer: The views expressed are those of the presenter and may not in any circumstances be regarded as stating an official position of the European Commission. Neither the European Commission nor any person acting on behalf of the Commission is responsible for the use which might be made of this presentation.

Summary



An introduction: a naïve question? Mapping ICT in the EU Results observations Conclusions



An introduction: a naïve question?





We are reaching the end of a long journey that started with an apparently naïve question





What and where are the European

ICT

Poles of world-class

Excellence?





Why was this question, apparently naïve?

- Because we claimed we knew the answer to the question: Dresden, Cambridge, Grenoble, Eindhoven,...? Hence, why investigate?
- Or because we doubted about that answer?
- Or because we wanted to know more about the above locations, measure their "health"?
- Or because we intuitively knew this would offer much more: a unique observation tool?
- Or were we looking for the (mythical) Silicon valleys of Europe...?





The EIPE study answers the last 2 questions...

And in particular:

- -The study has developped a tool, that firmly identifies the few epicentres of ICT innovation activity in Europe: Munchen, London, Paris and Karlsruhe!
- -And their extended agglomeration to neighbouring regions
 - Locations with intense ICT R&D, Innovation and Business activities
 - Locations that do not work on isolation but are densely networked locally, at European and world level





Whatever the question was, the project creates a new perspective on ICT innovative activities in Europe

Fundamented in past and current literature

- Agglomeration
- Globalisation
- Networking

European coverage/ Global and broad scope

- 27 Member States; World MNEs; Global networks
- 42 indicators; 3 sub-indicators; 1 EIPE Composite Indicator

ICT focus

- ICT as technology and as industry
- ICT R&D, but also Innovation and Businesses

Locational purpose

- European-wide data used
- Location data aggregated for 1303 NUTS3 level regions

Quantitative approach

- Fully based on available quantitative data
- Development of indicators

Transparent methodology

- Use of acknowledged databases and techniques
- Documented and standard modus operandi

	Activity	Characteristic	Name of Indicator
			Number of universities ranked in QS
			Academic ranking of a Computer Science faculty
			Employer ranking of a Computer Science faculty
			Citations ranking of a Computer Science faculty
			R&D expenditures by ICT firms
	Q	Agglomeration	FP7 funding to private organisations
		7.99.0	Number FP7 participations
			FP7 funding to SMEs
			Number of FP7 participations by SMEs
	R&D		Location of ICT R&D centres
			Ownership of ICT R&D centres
			Scientific publications
		Internationalisation	Outward ICT R&D internationalisation
			Inward ICT R&D internationalisation
			Degree
		Networking	Closeness centrality
		,	Betweenness centrality
			Eigenvector centrality
			Investment in intangibles by ICT
Concreting the FIDE		Agglomeration	Venture Capital financing of ICT firms
Generating the EIPE	Ē		ICT patents
Identity Card of each	Innovation	Internationalisation	International innovation collaborations
Identity Card of each	é		Degree
of the 1202 regions	_	Networking	Closeness centrality
of the 1303 regions			Betweenness centrality
			Eigenvector centrality
			ICT Scoreboard Headquarters
			Ownership of ICT Scoreboard affiliates
			Location of ICT Scoreboard affiliates
			Number of ICT firms located in the region
		Agglomeration	ICT employment
			Growth in ICT employment
	69		Turnover by ICT firms
	siness		Growth in tumover by ICT firms
	Busi		Number of new investments in the ICT sector
		Internationalisation	Outward ICT business internationalisation
			Inward ICT business internationalisation
			In-degree
			Out-degree
		Networking	Closeness centrality
			Betweenness centrality
			Eigenvector centrality

Indicator ID

AgRD 1

AgRD 2

AgRD 3

AgRD 4

AgRD 5

AgRD 6 AgRD 7

AgRD 8

AgRD 9

AgRD 10

AgRD 11

AgRD 12

IntRD 1

IntRD 2 NetRD 1

NetRD 2 NetRD 3

NetRD 4

Agln 1

AgIn 2

AgIn 3

Intln 1

Netln 1

Netln 2

NetIn 3

Netln 4

AgBuss 1

AgBuss 2

AgBuss 3

AgBuss 4

AgBuss 5

AgBuss 6

AgBuss 7 AgBuss 8

AgBuss 9

IntBuss 1 IntBuss 2

NetBuss 1

NetBuss 2

NetBuss 3

NetBuss 4

NetBuss 5

Nr

1

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24 25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40 41

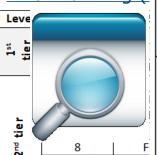
42



Mapping ICT in the EU



FIPE	<u>Indicator</u>
<u>Final</u>	Ranking (



- 201		
	8	F
	9	N
	10	N
	11	В
	12	D
	13	FI
	14	17
	15	D.

16

17

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

	Level	EIPE Rank	NUTS3 Code	Region name	EIPE CI
		1	DE212	Munchen, Kreisfreie Stadt	100
	1st tie	2	UKI12	Inner London - East	97
	_	3	FR101	Paris	95
		4	DE122	Karlsruhe, Stadtkreis	80
		5	UKH12	Cambridgeshire CC	78
	_	6	SE110	Stockholms lan	77
F	tie	7	DE711	Darmstadt, Kreisfreie Stadt	73
N	7	8	FI181	Uusimaa	70
B	,,	9	NL414	Zuidoost-Noord-Brabant	70
DI		10	NL326	Groot-Amsterdam	64
17	2nd til	11	BE242	Arr. Leuven	61
D٢	500 50				

	18	NL333	Delft en Westland
	19	UKJ14	Oxfordshire
	20	UKM25	Edinburgh, City of
	21	DE111	Stuttgart, Stadtkreis
tier	22	DE125	Heidelberg, Stadtkreis
	23	DE21H	Munchen, Landkreis
W	24	BE100	Arr. de Bruxelles-Capitale
	25	DK011	Byen Kobenhavn

IE021

DEA21

UKJ11

AT130

ES300

UKJ23

DE712

UKJ33

DE252

FR103

DED21

Dublin

Berkshire

Aachen, Kreisfreie Stadt

Berksnire	48
Wien	47
Madrid	46
Surrey	45
Frankfurt am Main, Kreisfreie Stadt	44
Hampshire CC	43
Erlangen, Kreisfreie Stadt	42
Yvelines	42
Dresden, Kreisfreie Stadt	41

57

55

3rd tier

Hampshire CC

Yvelines

DED21

Erlangen, Kreisfreie Stadt

Dresden, Kreisfreie Stadt



43

42

42

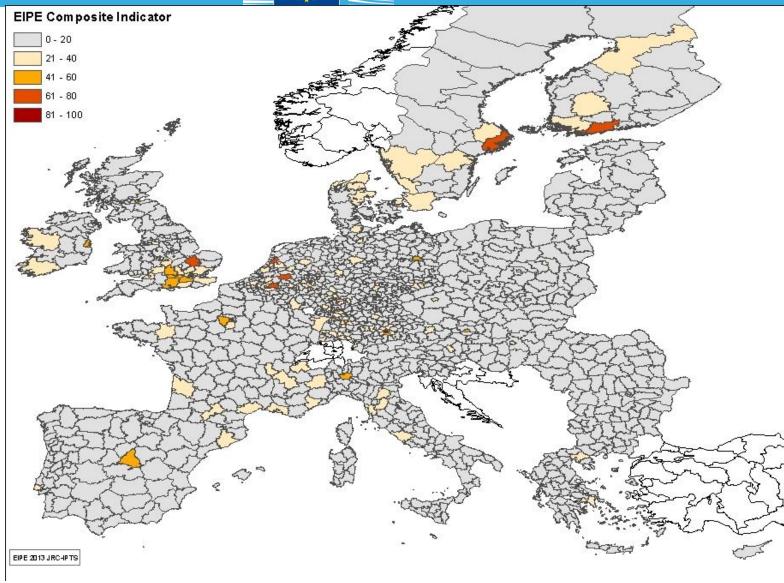
41

EIPE Indicator Final Ranking (>

Level	EIPE Rank	NUTS3 Cc
LEVEI		
# =	1	DE212
1st tier	2	UKI12
	3	FR101
	4	DE122
	5 6	UKH12
-		SE110
Ę	7	DE711
2 nd tier	8	FI181
	9	NL414
	10	NL326
	11	BE242
	12	DEA22
	13	FR105
	14	ITC45
	15	DE300
	16	IE021
	17	DEA21
	18	NL333
	19	UKJ14
	20	UKM25
	21	DE111
tier	22	DE125
=	23	DE21H
M E	24	BE100
	25	21/2/1
		1
		Ī.

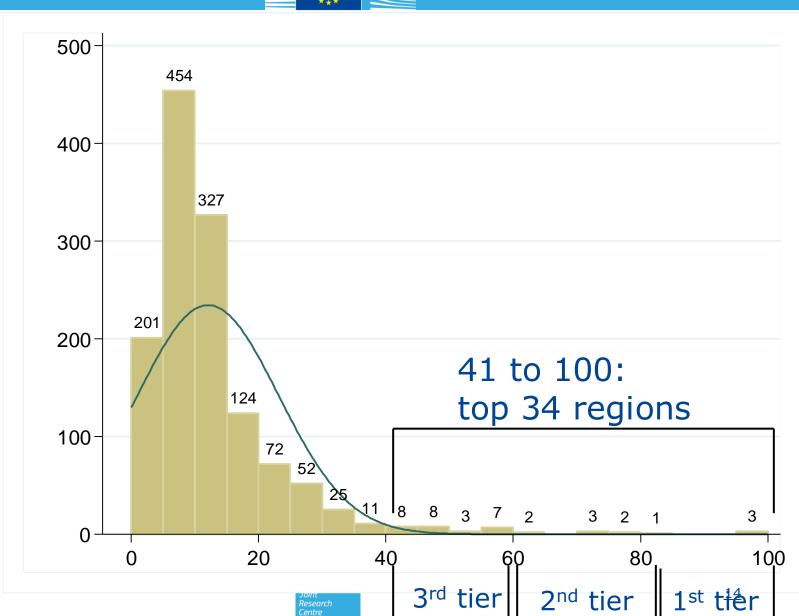
	*	**	
12	DEA22	Bonn, Kreisfreie Stadt	59
13	FR105	Hauts-de-Seine	59
14	ITC45	Milano	59
15	DE300	Berlin	58
16	IE021	Dublin	57
17	DEA21	Aachen, Kreisfreie Stadt	55
18	NL333	Delft en Westland	55
19	UKJ14	Oxfordshire	51
20	UKM25	Edinburgh, City of	51
21	DE111	Stuttgart, Stadtkreis	50
22	DE125	Heidelberg, Stadtkreis	49
23	DE21H	Munchen, Landkreis	49
24	BE100	Arr. de Bruxelles-Capitale	48
25	DK011	Byen Kobenhavn	48
26	UKJ11	Berkshire	48
27	AT130	Wien	47
28	ES300	Madrid	46
29	UKJ23	Surrey	45
30	DE712	Frankfurt am Main, Kreisfreie Stadt	44
31	UKJ33	Hampshire CC	43
32	DE252	Erlangen, Kreisfreie Stadt	42
33	FR103	Yvelines	42
34	DED21	Dresden, Kreisfreie Stadt	41

EIPE Indicator



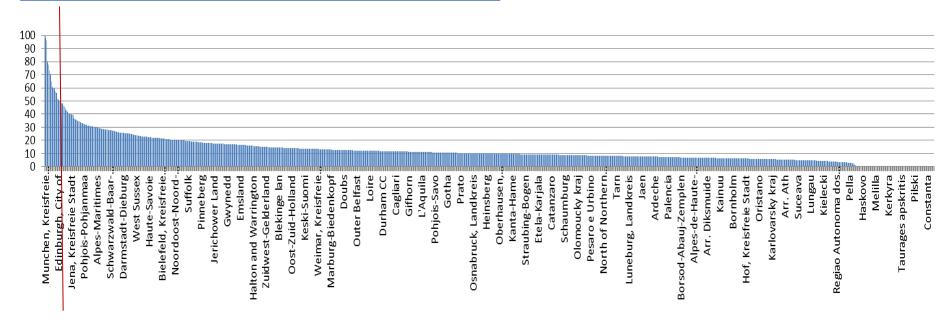


EIPE Indicator Final Ranking: Frequency





Distribution of EIPE indicator values





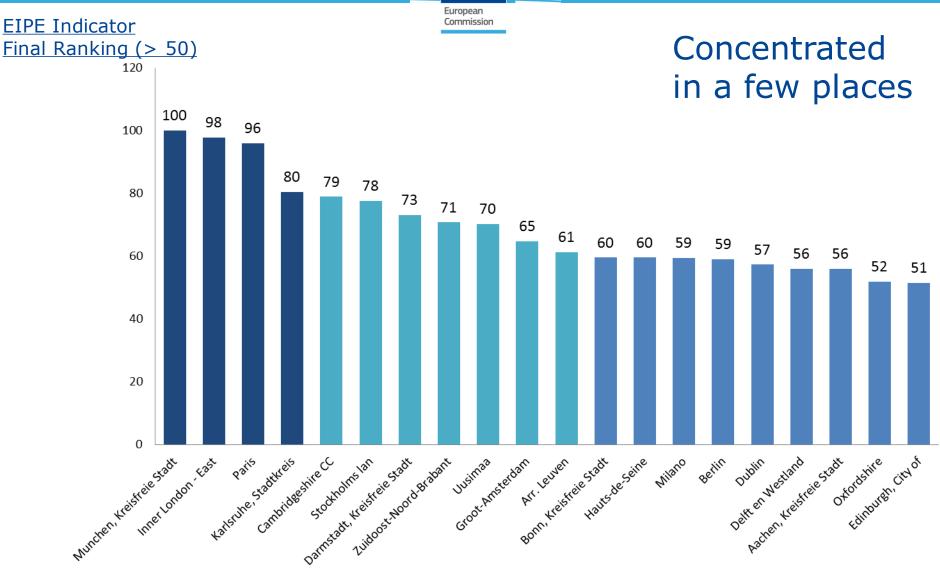


EIPE Indicator Final Ranking (> 40)

Concentrated in a few places

	Level	EIPE Rank	NUTS3 Code	Region name	EIPE CI
		1	DE212	Munchen, Kreisfreie Stadt	100
	1⁵t tier	2	UKI12	Inner London - East	97
	_	3	FR101	Paris	95
		4	DE122	Karlsruhe, Stadtkreis	80
		5	UKH12	Cambridgeshire CC	78
	_	6	SE110	Stockholms lan	77
	2 nd tier	7	DE711	Darmstadt, Kreisfreie Stadt	73
	P. 2	8	FI181	Uusimaa	70
	.,	9	NL414	Zuidoost-Noord-Brabant	70
		10	NL326	Groot-Amsterdam	64
		11	BE242	Arr. Leuven	61
		12	DEA22	Bonn, Kreisfreie Stadt	59
		13	FR105	Hauts-de-Seine	59
		14	ITC45	Milano	59
		15	DE300	Berlin	58
		16	IE021	Dublin	57
		17	DEA21	Aachen, Kreisfreie Stadt	55
		18	NL333	Delft en Westland	55
		19	UKJ14	Oxfordshire	51
		20	UKM25	Edinburgh, City of	51
		21	DE111	Stuttgart, Stadtkreis	50
	3 rd tier	22	DE125	Heidelberg, Stadtkreis	49
	đ	23	DE21H	Munchen, Landkreis	49
	M	24	BE100	Arr. de Bruxelles-Capitale	48
		25	DK011	Byen Kobenhavn	48
		26	UKJ11	Berkshire	48
		27	AT130	Wien	47
		28	ES300	Madrid	46
		29	UKJ23	Surrey	45
		30	DE712	Frankfurt am Main, Kreisfreie Stadt	44
		31	UKJ33	Hampshire CC	43
		32	DE252	Erlangen, Kreisfreie Stadt	42
		33	FR103	Yvelines	42
		34	DED21	Dresden, Kreisfreie Stadt	41

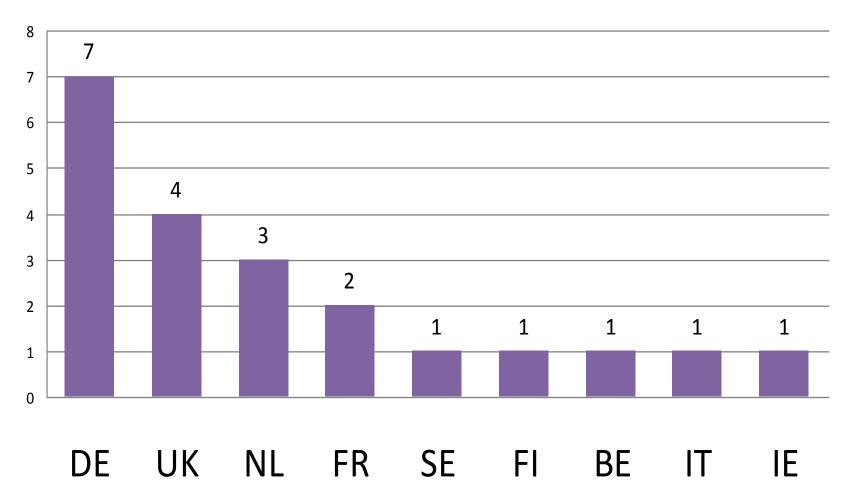




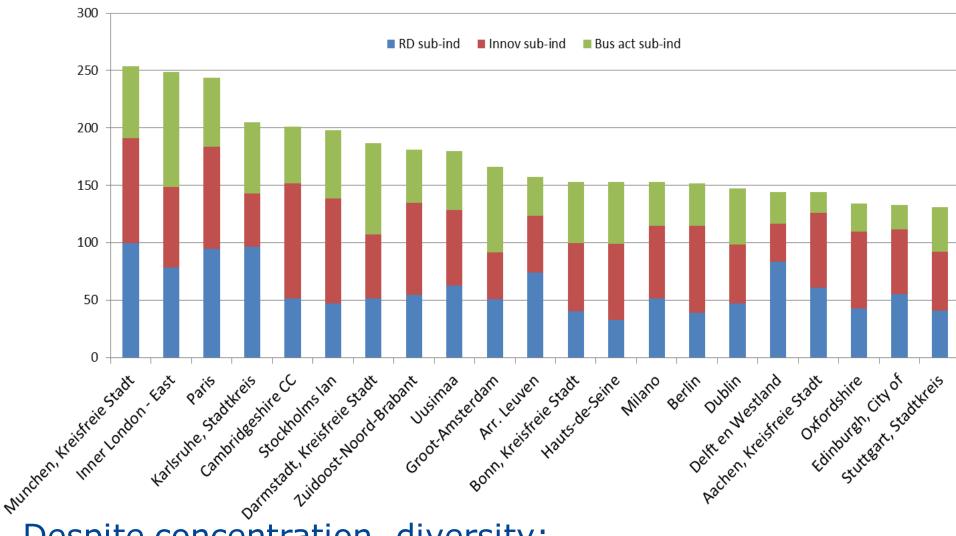


EIPE Indicator Final Ranking (> 50)

Concentrated in a few COUNTRIES



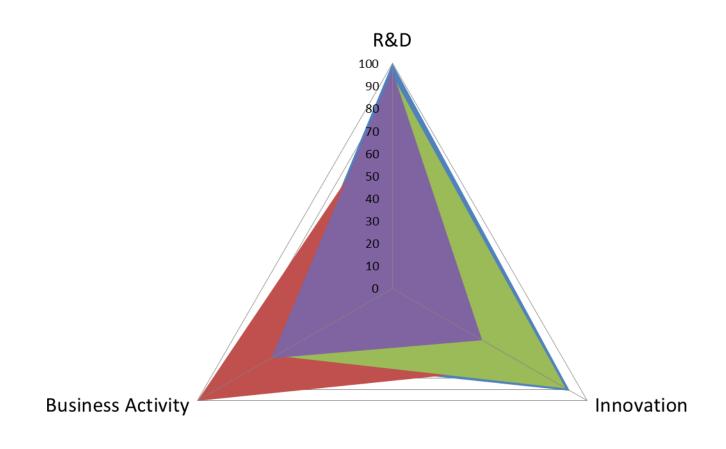




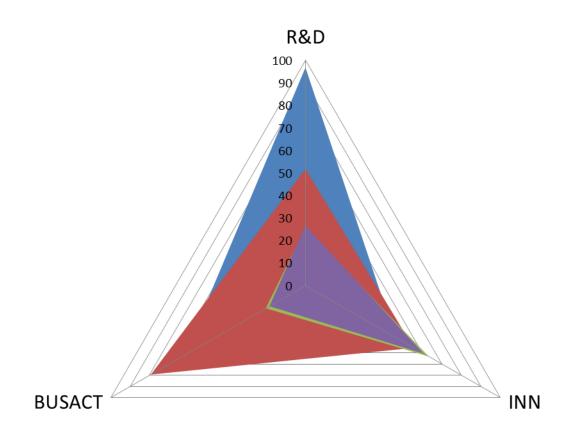
Despite concentration, diversity: different activities

European Commission

EIPE Top 4 (80 to 100)

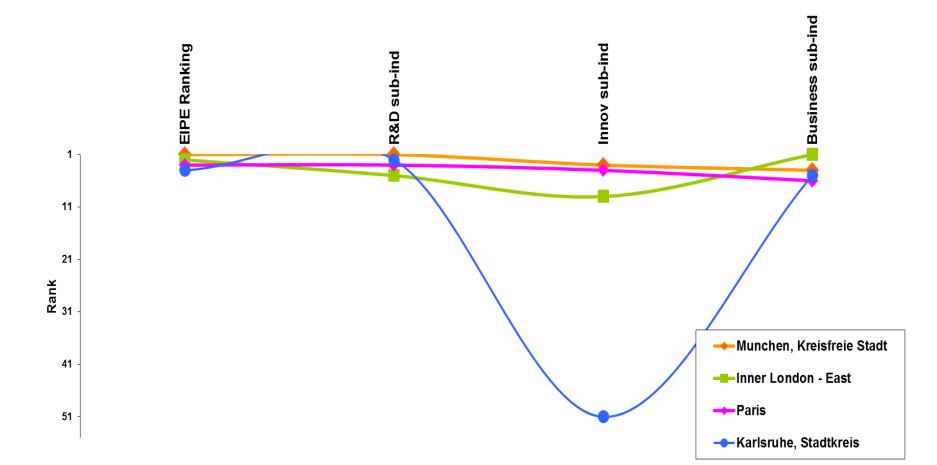








Excellence: the EIPE Top 4 (80 to 100)
Ranking in EIPE indicator
and sub-indicators





Conclusions



What does the study demonstrate?

It is feasible today to observe the ICT (innovative) activity in Europe at a very fine-grain level with statistical data as initial input

BUT

- -Accepting data limitations (no more than usual?)
- -Calling upon big data-style analytics
- -Resulting in rather abstract outputs
- -That will never exhaustively answer all Q. No miracle.

In this study, we have identified and mapped EIPE and their hinterland, described their characteristics and tried to derive policy implications.

There is NO recipe to create an EIPE....



Main observations from the case studies

Very strong concentration:

- in terms of Location, Actors, Activities
- money follows, among others, performance

Intense cross-border R&D&I & business

- Intensive internationalisation of all types of activities
- However, one size does not fit all:
 - Internationalisation of each activity follows different pattern
 - Each region has a different portfolio of partners
 - Some show more local orientation (within the EU), while others have far reaching connections (US & Asia)

Complex web of connections

- different network structures emerging for activities, locations,
- with various roles, positions, ...



Thank you!

Giuditta.DE-PRATO@ec.europa.eu

And thanks to Jean Paul for presenting





References: De Prato, G., Nepelski, D., (2013)

- Measuring EIPE: framework, indicators, data source and methods, EIPE Working paper 2, JRC Technical Reports.
- Defining European ICT Poles of Excellence: A Literature Review, EIPE Report 1,
- Identifying European ICT Poles of Excellence: The Methodology, EIPE Report 2,
- The Atlas of the ICT Activity in Europe, EIPE Report 3.
- Zooming-in at the European ICT landscape. Case studies of Inner London East, Paris, Kreisfreie Stadt Darmstadt, Dublin and Byen Kobenhavn, EIPE Report 4.

Available at:

http://is.jrc.ec.europa.eu/pages/ISG/EIPE.html





The results are going to be presented in:

The ATLAS



European ICT Poles of Excellence:

European ICT Poles of Excellence

The ATLAS of ICT activity in Europe

Editors: Giuditta De Prato, Daniel Nepelski,

The online mapping tool

